

1,2:5,6-Di-*O*-isopropylidene-3-*O*-methylsulfonyl- $\alpha$ -D-glucofuranose

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## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study

 $T = 150$  KMean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å $R$  factor = 0.039 $wR$  factor = 0.090

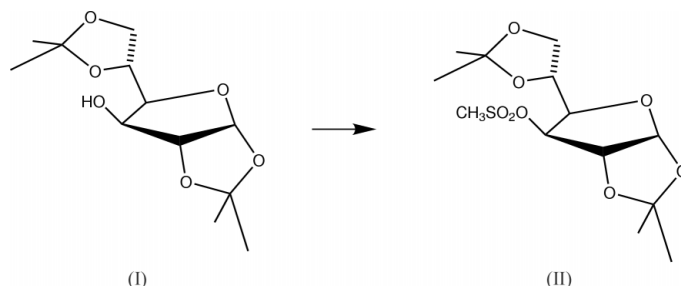
Data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

The absolute chemical configuration of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_8\text{S}$ , was determined unambiguously by X-ray diffraction for the first time.

## Comment

The analytical and physical data of the title compound, (II), are in accordance with those described by Gracza & Szolcsanyi (2000). The absolute chemical configuration is in accordance with the NMR data (chemical shifts in the  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra as well as coupling constants in the  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum).



## Experimental

The title compound, (II), was prepared by the reaction of 1,2:5,6-di-*O*-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranose (I) (Hardegger *et al.*, 1957; Recondo & Rinderknecht, 1960) with methanesulfonyl chloride and pyridine at room temperature.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.248 (s, 3H,  $-\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.253 (s, 3H,  $-\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.36 (s, 3H,  $-\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.44 (s, 3H,  $-\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.03 (s, 3H,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.9 and 4.15 (dd,  $J = 4.2, 9.1$  Hz, 2H, ABX system), 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.73 (d,  $J = 3.8$  Hz, 1H), 4.91 (d,  $J = 2.6$  Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  112.7, 109.6, 105.2, 83.7, 82.7, 79.8, 72.1, 67.6, 38.0, 26.9, 26.6, 26.2, 25.2.

## Crystal data

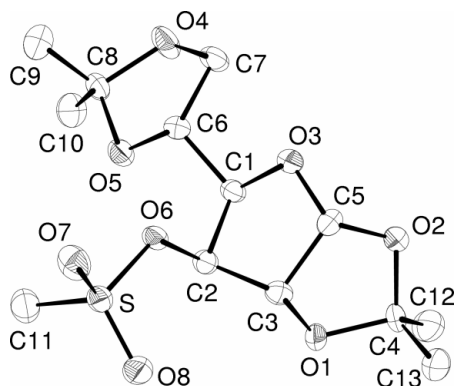
$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_8\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 338.37$   
 Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$   
 $a = 8.866$  (3) Å  
 $b = 9.2962$  (16) Å  
 $c = 19.361$  (3) Å  
 $V = 1595.8$  (7) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 $D_x = 1.408$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 Cell parameters from 5000 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.5$ – $25.0^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.24$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 150$  (2) K  
 Block, white  
 $0.48 \times 0.40 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS diffractometer  
 $\varphi$  scans  
 6444 measured reflections  
 2686 independent reflections  
 2236 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.086$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3^\circ$   
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 8$   
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 23$



**Figure 1**  
Molecular structure of (II), showing 60% probability displacement ellipsoids. H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.090$   
 $S = 0.93$   
 2686 reflections  
 209 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0459P)^2]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.005$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 Extinction correction: *SHELXL*  
 Extinction coefficient: 0.010 (2)  
 Absolute structure: Flack (1983)  
 Flack parameter =  $-0.03(10)$

H atoms were constrained as riding atoms, with C—H = 1.00, 0.99 and 0.98 Å in the methine, methylene and methyl groups, respectively, and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent atom})$ .

Data collection: *IPDS* (Stoe & Cie, 1997); cell refinement: *IPDS*; data reduction: *IPDS*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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#### References

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